

Wikiprint Book

Title: projects/jpf-mango/examples/CarRecall

Subject: Java Path Finder - projects/jpf-mango/examples/CarRecall

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CarRecall specification example

This example shows how Mango exposes cases splits to the user, if desired. Once generated, the specification may be navigated by opening folders in the Mango Explorer and following links in the revealed specification views.

Start by [loading](#) the FirstYearCode project.

On MacOSX, go to Eclipse>Preferences>"Mango Preferences". For other operating systems: Window>Preferences>"Mango Preferences".

Hit "Restore Defaults", in particular, "Suppress advice dialogs" and "Do not pause (Mango will make default choices)" should be unchecked.

Hit OK to close the preferences.

In the Package Explorer, in the FirstYearCode project, open src/firstYearCode/CarRecall.java.

In the [CarRecall](#) editor, double-click on "[CarRecall](#)" in the class declaration line "public class [CarRecall](#) {}". This will select both [CarRecall](#) and the [CarRecall](#) editor tab.

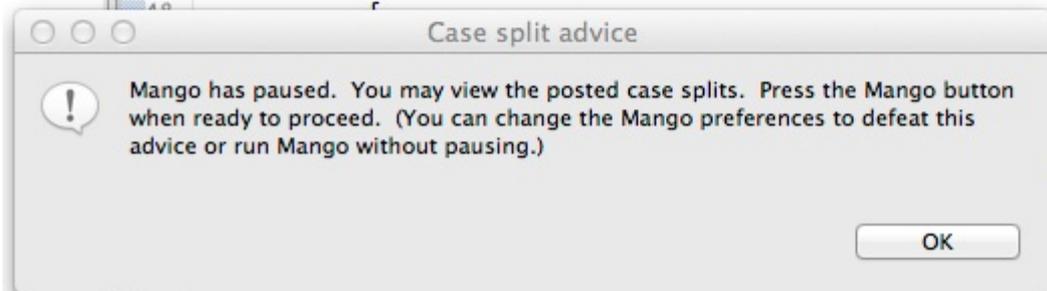
Right-click, Mango>populate. When the box in the Mango Explorer view becomes green, right-click, Mango>run.

At the first case split, Mango will notify the user of a pause. (see figure)

```

32 public class CarRecall {
33     public static void main(String[] args){
34         int modelNum;
35         Scanner input = new Scanner (System.in);
36         do{
37             System.out.println("Enter the car's model number or 0 to quit: ");
38             modelNum=input.nextInt();
39
40             //test if car is defective
41             if ((modelNum==119)||(modelNum==179)
42                 ||((modelNum>=189)&&(modelNum<=195))
43                 ||(modelNum==221)||(modelNum==780))
44             {
45                 System.out.println("Your car is defective. It must be repaired.");
46             }
47             else if (modelNum==0)
48

```



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Console Specification Problems Search &1 &2

modelNum does not equal 780

- input assumptions
 - modelNum does not equal 780
 - modelNum does not equal 0
 - outinputStaticArea is defined
- output state
 - heap
 - stack

Click OK, the Mango Explorer box will turn green. After a while it is easier just to when the box changes color and not bother with the notification. Check "Suppress advice dialogs" to defeat notification in the future, if desired.

The line of source code corresponding to the case split has been highlighted. Observe the two cases, named &1 and &2, by clicking on their tabs. Each specification view is a functional description, and as such has two parts, "input assumptions" and "output state". For the "modelNum equals 780" case, the heap may be opened to reveal that "Your car is defective" has been appended to the "out" buffer. (see figure).

```

40 //test if car is defective
41 if ((modelNum==119)||(modelNum==179)
42     ||((modelNum>=189)&&(modelNum<=195))
43     ||(modelNum==221)||(modelNum==780))
44 {
45     System.out.println("Your car is defective. It must be repaired.");
46 }
47 else if (modelNum==0)
48 {
49     System.out.println ("Program terminated.");
50 }
51 else
52 {
53     System.out.println ("Your car is not defective.");
54 }
55 }while (modelNum!=0);
56 }
57 }
58

```

modelNum equals 780

input assumptions

- modelNum equals 780
- outinputStaticArea is defined

output state

heap

- <localVar> at unresolved location
 - outinputStaticArea.buffer=outinputStaticArea.buffer + Your car is defective. It must be repaired.<nl>

stack

Likewise, in the case "modelNum does not equal 780", the heap contains "Your car is not defective". So far so good, but what happened to the case modelNum==0, yielding "Program terminated". The short answer is that Mango hasn't forgotten about it, but isn't ready to consider it either. More specifically, Mango currently is building the specification for the loop body. The case modelNum==0 is a loop termination condition which does not yield a state transition for the loop body, so it is not relevant at the moment.

Spend some time assimilating the correspondence between procedural programming, the java code, and functional programming, the specification views. When you are ready, hit the green button so that Mango can proceed to the next case (see figure).

```

38         modelNum=input.nextInt();
39
40         //test if car is defective
41         if ((modelNum==119)||(modelNum==179)
42             ||((modelNum>=189)&&(modelNum<=195))
43             ||(modelNum==221)||(modelNum==780))
44         {
45             System.out.println("Your car is defective. It must be repaired.");
46         }
47         else if (modelNum==0)
48         {
49             System.out.println ("Program terminated.");
50         }
51         else
52         {
53             System.out.println ("Your car is not defective.");
54         }
55     }while (modelNum!=0);
56 }
57 }
58

```

Problems Specification Console firstYearCode.CarRecall.main([Ljava/lang/String;)V.loop &1 &2

modelNum does not equal 221

input assumptions

- modelNum does not equal 221
- Does modelNum equal 780?

output state

heap

- <localVar> at unresolved location
- out inputStaticArea.buffer=out inputStaticArea.buffer + var1

stack